

Tapentadol

Patient Information

Chronic Pain Service



The Patient Information Leaflets page on the Trust website is available on the link:
<https://www.wwl.nhs.uk/patient-information-leaflets> or scan the QR code.

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Introduction

Tapentadol (Palexia) SR (slow release) pain medicine useful for the management of moderate to severe chronic osteoarthritis for back, knee or hip pain in adults.

Aims

Tapentadol is a narcotic (opioid/morphine) that combines two roles of action; it works in the brain and nervous system by binding to receptors thereby reducing pain message travelling to the brain and increasing pain killing messages from the brain.

Before taking Tapentadol

To make sure Tapentadol is safe for you tell your doctor if you have:

Any breathing problem or lung disease, head injury, brain tumour or seizures. If you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or are breast-feeding.

If you are taking any medications for nausea, depression, Parkinson's, migraine and headaches.

Have known or suspected stomach or bowel blockage (paralytic ileus).

Taking a Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitor (MAOI, phentazine) (antidepressant) or have taken MAOI's within the past 14 days.

Have a known hereditary problem of; galactose intolerance, Lapp lactase deficiency or glucose- galactose malabsorption.

Have a history of drug misuse, alcohol addiction, mental illness or urinary problems, liver or kidney disease, gallbladder, pancreas, thyroid problems.

Dosing information

Tapentadol (SR) should be taken twice daily, approximately every 12 hours and is recommended for patients not currently taking an opioid painkiller. The starting dose is 50mg twice daily. However, if you are currently taking opioid analgesia, the recommended starting dose should take into account the total 24 hour daily dose. If treatment is to be discontinued, this is done by gradually weaning down your dosage to prevent withdrawal symptoms. This process will be done with discussion with your doctor.

How should I take Tapentadol?

Take the tablet with a full glass of water and can be taken with or without food. Do not crush, chew, or break the tablet. This medication may impair your thinking or reactions, therefore avoid driving or operating machinery until you know how the drug will affect you. Do not drink alcohol as it increases sedative effects.

Never take larger amount, or for longer than prescribed. If you miss a dose, take as soon as you remember, do not take extra to make up for missed dose. If you take too many tablets seek medical advice (symptoms: slow breathing, slow heart rate, muscle weakness, cold and clammy skin, pinpoint pupils, and fainting).

Tapentadol is classed as a 'controlled drug' therefore if you are travelling abroad; you are advised to carry a letter from your doctor explaining why you have been prescribed it.

What are the side effects with taking Tapentadol?

Most medicines can cause mild unwanted side effects and can be expected to go away after a little while although not everyone experiences them. If you have other symptoms which you may be due to Tapentadol, speak with your doctor or pharmacist.

The following side effects can occur:

Constipation, mild nausea, stomach pain, headache, tiredness, mild drowsiness, dizziness, skin itching, or dry mouth.

However you should seek medical advice if you experience:

Weak or shallow breathing, weak or increased heart rate, light headedness, agitation, hallucinations, fever, or sweating. Muscle stiffness twitching/seizures, severe drowsiness or dizziness, confusion, problems with speech or balance.

Alternatives

Your pain specialist will have discussed alternatives with you in your consultation. Every patient is unique and therefore specific alternatives cannot be given on an information leaflet as not all treatments are suitable for everyone.

Contact Information

If you have any questions, please contact the Pain Management Team on Telephone: 01942 773099.

It is very important that you attend any appointments made for you with either, the Doctor; Nurse; Physiotherapist; Occupational therapist or the Psychologist. If you cannot attend, please cancel the appointment, and re-arrange, failure to cancel will result in discharge from the pain service and you will need to be re-referred by your GP if you wish to be seen again.

Comments, Compliments or Complaints

The Patient Relations/Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS) Department provides confidential on the spot advice, information and support to patients, relatives, friends, and carers.

Contact Us

Tel: 01942 822376 (Monday to Friday 9am to 4pm)

The Patient Relations/PALS Manager
Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
Royal Albert Edward Infirmary
Wigan Lane
Wigan WN1 2NN

Ask 3 Questions

Become more involved in decisions about your healthcare. You may be asked to make choices about your treatment. To begin with, try to make sure you get the answers to three key questions:

1. What are my options?
2. What are the pros and cons of each option for me?
3. How do I get support to help me make a decision that is right for me?



How We Use Your Information

For details on how we collect, use, and store the information we hold about you, please see patient information leaflet, Ref. **Corp 006** How we use your information, this can be found on the Patient Information Leaflets page on the Trust website, see details on the front cover.

This leaflet is also available in audio, large print, Braille, and other languages upon request. For more information, please ask in the department/ward.

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